

The Merchants' Grill Room and Restaurant - Exchange  
QUINN BROS., Proprietors,  
319 Seymour St., VANCOUVER, B.C.

# The Daily Colonist.

BEST DOUBLE SCREENED  
HOUSEHOLD ★ COAL  
\$6.00 Per Ton Delivered,  
Weight Guaranteed  
HALL, GOEPEL & COY.,  
100 Government St. Phone 83.

VOL. LXXXIV.—NO 155

VICTORIA B C TUESDAY OCTOBER 23 1900

FORTY-SECOND YEAR

## Varied and Beautiful

WHAT CAN WE OFFER YOU?

LARGE SHIPMENT JUST PLACED IN STOCK OF

**Sterling Silver Bon Bon Dishes**  
**English Oak Goods**  
**Fine English China**  
**Cut Glass**  
**Photo Frames**  
**Fancy Pottery**  
**Fine English Cutlery**

BEAUTIFUL, YET INEXPENSIVE

**Challoner and Mitchell.**

47 Govt St. VICTORIA, B. C.

## PER REFRIGERATOR CAR

MacLaren's

**Imperial and Roquefort Cheese...**

All Sizes. Perfectly Fresh.

**HUDSON'S BAY CO.**  
AGENTS.



**A Busy Season**

is anticipated; we have secured our stock early, and have bought largely, so we are prepared to meet all comers, and are never taken unawares.

We are making a drive just now with our "DIXIE" CEYLON TEA at 35 CENTS PER POUND. Try it; it is the ideal of perfection.

NEW PRUNES ..... 4 lbs. 25cts.  
EASTERN HERRINGS ..... 25cts. box  
CREAMERY BUTTER ..... 25cts. lb.  
GRANULATED SUGAR ..... 17 lbs. \$1.00  
SELF RISING B. W. FLOUR ..... 20cts. pkz.

**Dixie H. Ross & Co.**

## ..FLANNELS..

A LARGE STOCK OF

**Grey and Colored Flannels**  
AT MILL PRICES.

**J. PIERCY & CO.,**

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. - VICTORIA, B.C.

GENUINE DOUBLE BOILED ENGLISH

**LINSEED OIL \$1 Per Gal.**

WHITE LEAD, \$7.45 and \$7.80 per 100 lbs.

**J. W. MELLOR, - 76 & 78 FORT ST**

### DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as hotel proprietors of the Arlington and Albert Hotels, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Thos. Jackson retiring.

All debts owing by the late firm will be paid by Augustus Labelle, who will continue the business, and all accounts due to the late firm are to be paid to said Augustus Labelle.

Dated at Alberni, B. C., this 1st day of October, A. D. 1900.

AUGUSTUS LABELLE,  
THOMAS JACKSON.

ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST

**Victoria Transfer Co.**  
LIMITED.  
Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1883.

**Livery & Hack Stables**

10, 21, 23 Broughton St., foot of Broad  
HACKS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, TRUCKS  
AND BUSES SUPPLIED AT ANY  
HOUR OF THE DAY OR  
NIGHT.  
TELEPHONE CALL 122.

## Seagrams

**83**

**Is the Best**

**R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.**  
B. C. AGENTS.

## AMBERITE

Just arrived, ex Br. ship Glengall  
a full consignment of

**Curtiss & Harvey's Sporting**  
**Amberite and Black Powder**

ALSO A FULL LINE OF THE CELEBRATED AMBERITE SMOKELESS SHOT-  
GUN CARTRIDGES, LOADED IN ENGLAND

For prices and particulars, apply to

**ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED.**

VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER.

Better Than The Best

**HOUE'S**

**Straight Cut Cigarettes**

Manufactured by

**B. HOUE & CO.**

QUEBEC.

## Lime!

**Lime!**

**Marble Bay Lime.**

(Trade-Mark.)

**IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.**

(The strongest and best lime on the market. Walls built with "Marble Bay Lime" will last twice as long as those made with inferior lime.)

EVERY BARREL IS GUARANTEED.  
EVERY BARREL BEARS OUR TRADE MARK (Marble Bay Lime.)

FIVE BARRELS OF "MARBLE BAY" BRAND will go further than six of any other lime on the market.

OUR "PLASTERERS'" BRAND IS A SPECIALLY SELECTED LIMB FOR PLASTERERS' USE—THERE IS NONE SO GOOD.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. Kept in stock in Victoria by KINGHAM & CO.

**Dr. S. M. Hartman**  
DENTIST.

Inventor of an apparatus for Cleft Palate and Improved Dental Plate; none but first-class operations performed.  
Office: 115 Government Street.

### WE

Have a fine lot of Brown Leghorns, Black Minorcas, and Silver Laced Wyandotte Pullets in. Come and see them. SYLVESTER FEED CO., LTD., City Market.

**YOUR RAZOR PULLS, DOES IT?**

Get a new strap, and come and learn how to use it. We shall be happy to instruct you. See our special fine line suited to any razor, at

**FOX'S, 78 GOVT ST**

**BELGIUM HARES.**

Received a shipment of thoroughbred Belgium Hares. All Pedigree Stock. The finest in British Columbia, to be seen at my store, 12 Store street.

**Removal Notice**

Chung Lung & Co., Importers and Dealers in Chinese Merchandise, and Contractors, have removed from Government street to 45 Flanagan street.

## WANTED

10 to 1,000 Shares

**Crows Nest Pass Coal Co.**

Will pay highest market price for above.

FOR SALE.

1,000 IRON MASK, ..... 31  
2,000 NOBLE FIVE ..... 42

**A. W. MORE & CO.**

50 Government St. Next Bank of Montreal.

## TO-LET

**FURNISHED HOUSE.**

For six months or longer, containing 10 rooms, known as "The Junipers," situated on Pemberton road.

For rent and further particulars apply to

**A. W. MORE & CO.,**

50 Government St., next Bank of Montreal.

**Do You Wish to Borrow?**

On first mortgage improved Victoria property? If so, we can place your loan, giving you the privilege of repaying the amount borrowed in a definite number of monthly payments of principal and interest, with the privilege of repaying the whole or any portion at any time after the second year: \$500 repaid in 60 monthly payments of \$10.40.

\$500 repaid in 96 monthly payments of \$7.30.

\$500 repaid in 120 monthly payments of \$6.30; other sums in proportion.

No commission charged. Definite contract in mortgage limiting payments. Delightful furnished each borrower, showing the amount required to discharge loan at any time after the second year. No membership fees. No fines. Building loans made, money advanced as building progresses.

For prospectus and further information apply to the secretary, Hansten Warner, at the company's office, 30 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

**J. F. FOLKES & CO., 35 FORT ST**  
Telephone 697.

**The Quatsino Mining and Reduction Co., Limited.**  
(NON-PERSONAL LIABILITY.)

100,000 of the Treasury Shares of the above company are now offered for sale at 5 cts. per share.

This company owns, amongst its other properties, the famous New Comstock claim at Quatsino, noted for its enormous showings of copper ore.

For prospectus and further information apply to the secretary, Hansten Warner, at the company's office, 30 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

**BULBS! BULBS! BULBS!**

5,000 EASTER LILIES.  
6x7 inches, 6 cents each, 50 cents per doz.  
7x9 inches, 10 cents each, \$1.00 per doz.  
8x10 inches, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per doz.  
10x12 inches, 25 cents each, \$2.50 per doz.  
PRESIDIALS, 2 doz., for 25 cents.

**INVERTAVISH NURSERY,**  
EDW. ALEX. WALLACE.

## To Tour Ontario

**Sir Charles Tupper Will Address a Round of Meetings There.**

**Another Flaw in Election Law This Time in New Brunswick.**

**Mr. Charlton's Views Widely Differ From the Liberal Leaders.**

Ottawa, Oct. 22.—Sir Charles Tupper left for Toronto to-night. He is about to make another political tour of Ontario. Another flaw has been discovered in the franchise law. It now appears that returning officers in New Brunswick may add names to the voters' list up to within ten days of polling.

Delhi, Ont., Oct. 22.—At the Liberal-Conservative convention this resolution was passed: "After reading Mr. John Charlton's address to the electors of North Norfolk, and after being conversant with his personal convictions, as expressed and pledged in private conversation to various people, we find that he is so in accord with our leaders in the matter of reciprocity of tariffs, preferential trade, pressing need of retrenchment, dangerousness of agitating in Quebec by certain members of parliament and other matters, that it is not necessary for us to place a candidate in the field so long as he continues to abide by his expressed opinions, of which fact the executive committee of this association shall be left to judge and act accordingly."

Toronto, Oct. 22.—The following nominations have been made:

Toronto East, A. E. Kemp, Conservative.

Toronto Centre, W. R. Brook, Conservative.

Middlesex East, Ont., J. Gibson, Liberal.

Prescott, Ont., D. Severin, Conservative, to oppose J. Cloran, Liberal.

Queens and Sunbury, N.B., R. D. Wilmet, Conservative.

Russell, W. C. Edwards, Liberal.

South Ontario, W. Ross, Liberal, replacing L. Burnett, former member, who withdraws.

South Middlesex, J. C. Judd, Conservative.

Montreal, Oct. 22.—In Montreal City, T. Pannello has been chosen by the Conservatives in St. James division, and Mr. Charpentier, Conservative, in St. Marys.

Terrebonne, Que., R. Prefontaine, Liberal.

Huntingdon, Que., R. N. Walsh, Conservative. (Also nominated in Maisonneuve.)

Vancouver, Oct. 22.—Liberal speakers are referring disparagingly to Mayor Garden's voting with the government at Victoria against having anti-Mongolian clauses inserted in acts of incorporation.

Capt. Tatlow, in speaking of the matter, stated at the Conservative rally on Saturday, that a reasonable man could not vote otherwise than Mayor Garden had done, as every member in the house knew that if these anti-Mongolian clauses had been inserted in the bills before the house the Dominion government would have to their threat, disallow the entire bill on account of what was to them an objectionable clause, and it was to save the bills from being disallowed altogether by the Dominion government that Mayor Garden had voted as he did.

**MITCHELL'S TERMS.**

He Tells How the Miners' Strike May Be Ended at Once.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 28.—President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers to-night in an interview said that if all the companies will notify their employees that an actual advance of 10 per cent. will be guaranteed till April 1, and that the sliding scale will be abolished, he believes the terms will be accepted by the mine workers.

Slack, Oct. 22.—For the first time since the anthracite coal strike a public appeal for aid was made here this afternoon by a committee calling on the business men and collecting money and provisions for impoverished families of strikers.

**SMALLPOX AT DAWSON.**

Twenty-Five Cases in the Town—Officials Dismissed—Alaska Election.

Vancouver, Oct. 22.—Steamer City of Seattle brought news that there were about 25 cases of smallpox in Dawson.

A stir has been caused in Dawson by the discharge of two officials, Bidder and Cancellor, from positions of mining recorder and postmaster.

When the Seattle left Skagway the voting for two territorial representatives stood as follows: Wilson, 450, Prudhomme 430, O'Brien 250, Noel 200, and there was no doubt, said the passengers, that Wilson and Prudhomme would be elected.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men that yield to the use of Carter's Pills. These who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, etc., should try them.

**Andrew Usher & Co.'s**  
Celebrated Scotch Whiskies.

**Olympia Beer**  
The Best Imported Lager.

Victoria Agent:  
**W. A. WARD,**

BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING.

## GRIT CANADATES' PROMISES.

I'll promise you sunshine, I'll promise you rain,  
I'll promise you fabulous prices for grain;  
I'll promise you music by day and by night;  
I'll promise you beauty and sweetness and light.  
Let's look to the future and ponder no more  
On the numerous things I have promised before;  
'Twas mentioned when first my career I began;  
I am an exceedingly promising man.

I will flatter your fancy and nourish your schemes  
With limitless wealth from the mint of my dreams.  
Come, pledge me a vote ere I part from the place;  
And I'll fling you a promise with prodigal grace!  
You'll find I won't falter what'er be the boon—  
A rosebud in winter; a snowstorm in June;  
The health of a peasant, the pomp of a king—  
In short, I will promise you any old thing.

P. S.—But I won't promise to keep my promises.  
—Moncton Times.

## To Coin the Gold of Canada

**At Last Government Has Secured Consent to Establish Branch Mint.**

**Imminence of Elections Has Forced Them Tardily to Take Action.**

Montreal, Oct. 22.—Hon. W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, in a speech this evening, announced that the Canadian government had obtained the consent of the Imperial government for the establishment of a branch of the royal mint in Canada. This mint would coin all Canadian gold required, the balance of the Yukon and British Columbia product being made up into British sovereigns.

**YIP LUCK HAS KILLED THREE.**

Chief Main's Murderer Confesses to Making Away With Two Other Men.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Oct. 22.—Yip Luck, the Chinaman who is to hang in a short time for the murder of Chief of Police Main, of St. Jerome, has a terrible record of crime. The old heathen's heart has been softened by the kindness of his preaching end, and he has confessed to two more murders in British Columbia, that have to this time been buried in mystery. An Indian was killed on the ranch of J. Wells, Chilliwack, some years ago. He was found dead, hacked up with an axe, and the murderer baffled the police. Yip Luck confessed that in a quarrel he knocked the victim down and then cut him around the head until he stopped breathing.

Yip Luck confesses to the murder of a colored man found dead five miles from Yale, 10 years ago. The murdered man had been out shooting when, he had some words with the big Chinaman. Although the negro had a gun he was no match for the Chinaman.

**POST OFFICE PLUNDERED.**

Dominion Government Too Economical to Give Grand Forks a Safe.

Grand Forks, Oct. 22.—It has just leaked out that the post office here was burglarized last Wednesday night and two registered packages—one containing \$1,000 from the Bank of Montreal, Greenwood, and the other containing \$2,000 from the same bank—were stolen. Both packages were addressed to the Eastern Townships Bank. The bills were the issue of the bank, and had been sent to the branch here for redemption.

James Mackinnon, acting manager of the bank, states it will not suffer any loss, as the remittances were fully insured. The police are working on the case.

Post Office Inspector Dorman, of Vancouver, has arrived before long to be conducting an investigation. The packages, it seems, were left in a drawer in the post office. The action of the government in failing to provide a safe is severely criticized. The mysterious point of the robbery is the fact that the post office was found locked in the morning. This has given currency to the belief that the burglars were well acquainted with the premises and the postmaster's methods.

**LORD STRATHCONA.**

Though Going Back to London He Hopes Soon to Be Home Again.

Montreal, Oct. 22.—Replying to an address to-day, Lord Strathcona stated that, though he would soon return to London to resume his duties as high commissioner, he hoped before long to be among the citizens of Montreal once more. He felt that Canada was his home, and he hoped before long to resume his residence in Montreal. Although indefinite, his words left the impression that he would soon give up the high commissionership in London.

**PEARY EXPEDITION.**

Impossible For the Windward to Return South This Season.

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 22.—The latest fishing craft to return from Northern Labrador reports that nothing has been seen of the Peary expedition steamer Windward. The winter season has already begun and set in near Hudson Bay. Ice is forming and the whole region will soon be frozen out, making it next to impossible for the Windward to get out this year.

## Discusses The Agreement

**Russian Press Does Not Like Alliance Between Germany and Britain.**

**Germany Looks Upon It as Good Diplomacy by Count Von Bulow.**

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—The Viedostiki thinks the Anglo-German agreement "enigmatical," since the maintenance of the integrity of China is accepted as the fundamental proposal by all the parties. It adds: "The agreement aims at the protection of that which needs no protection. To the question as to who will threaten the integrity of China there is only one answer. Those who have arranged to crush any one who thinks of preventing them from taking as booty those ports in China which they have regarded as belonging to them. Russia will in the meanwhile continue her protest."

The Novoe Vremya regards the territory north of the Yel Ho river as belonging to Russia, "who will not admit the application of the 'open door' to that territory."

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Although no formal answers have yet been received from the powers regarding the Anglo-German agreement, Count von Bulow, the imperial chancellor, has been assured by the diplomatic representatives here that their governments will readily accede to the arrangement. The agreement is interpreted as another diplomatic victory for him. It is now asserted that the Russian ambassador in Germany, who was the first representative Count von Bulow told about the agreement, giving him oral explanations tending to show that its point was not directed against Russia, gave assurances amounting to a declaration that Russia would join in the agreement.

While most of the papers approve of the agreement, the Russophile press, which means the Anglophobe section, express a fear that the coolness between Germany and Russia, which arose recently, as evidenced by several incidents relating to Count von Waldersee, will be intensified by the agreement. The Frankfurter Zeitung hails the agreement as accentuating the open door, and confidently predicts that the United States will join.

The Hamburger-American line, the North German Lloyd's line, the associations of ship-owners at Hamburg and Bremen, and various chambers of commerce have telegraphed to Count von Bulow their hearty approval of the agreement.

With reference to the speculations as to the existence of secret clauses in the Anglo-German agreement, the National Zeitung, after careful inquiry, affirms that the clauses exist.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The cabinet meeting to-day lasted from 11 till 1 o'clock. At the conclusion of the meeting it was gathered that the agreement between Great Britain and Germany as to their future policy in China was specially satisfactory to this government, regarding the open door in China and the maintenance of the integrity of the empire.

The state department to-day made public the correspondence which has taken place between itself and the French government since the original French note respecting China, which laid down the terms suggested by France as a basis of negotiation for a settlement. This last correspondence consists of two notes exchanged between Secretary of State Hay and M. Thiebaud, last week, putting in formal shape certain verbal statements of importance respecting the negotiations begun.

An interesting and important feature of the United States note is the suggestion that the powers bind themselves again to the open door—exactly the object aimed at in the British-German agreement or alliance, which was made public last week. While this note by Secretary Hay bears date of October 19, the British German agreement is assigned to the date of October 16, seven days earlier. The action of this government was taken in ignorance of the agreement. The suggestion indicates a favorable response by the United States government to the suggestion to join with Great Britain and Germany in the objects specified.

**PREPARING A WELCOME.**

Ottawa, Oct. 22.—Elaborate arrangements are being made for the reception of the volunteers. A magnificent electrical display is promised as a feature. The militia department has cabled the war office for the names of the men coming home in each batch, but it is doubtful whether they can be got before the transport arrives.







## More Wreck

## Bay Gold

Willapa Brings Down Several Thousand Dollars From Coast Mines.

Large Fleet of Sealing Schooners Arrive From Behring Sea.

With \$3,040 from the black sand placers of Wreck Bay in charge of her pursuer for safe delivery here, the steamer Willapa returned from the West Coast last night. Had the heavy rains and high seas, which have lately prevailed on the Coast, not interfered with the operations of the miners, the shipment of gold would have been at least five thousand dollars.

A few days ago the tide came up so high on the beach that part of the mine was washed away. The schooner Willapa, who were working a claim at one end of the beach, have abandoned work until the bad weather passes. Messrs. Sutton and Graham and their staff were still working, but the bad weather was retarding the work. Nothing new was heard from the black sand placers found near Chacoosee and at the Gordon river. The Willapa had twenty passengers down. There were Robert Findlay and W. Poway, butners from the schooner City of San Diego, which was on the Coast, bound down from the Behring sea, in company with the Schooners Vito, Otter, Alonzo, Alonzo, Alonzo and Libbie; William Lorrimer, from San Juan; Rev. D. Service, W. de Louch, W. Trimble, C. E. Hesse, wife and son, P. F. Bragg, J. MacDonald, Chas. Taylor, A. S. Shirk, D. Smith, H. Murdoch, D. G. Smith, H. de Long, M. McEwan, H. Shirk, J. J. Baird and J. Barrett. Four schooners were seen in the Straits as the Willapa passed in. The weather throughout the trip has been very dirty and rough.

## A FLEET OF EIGHT.

Another Cluster of Sealing Schooners Return From the Behring Sea—Others on the Coast.

A fleet of eight sealing schooners came in on Sunday and yesterday, and four more were reported to be in the Straits last night bound in. The arrivals are the Umbria, with 715; Penelope, with 407; Marvin, with 450; Zillah May, with 417; Victoria, 647; Enterprise, 611; An-Be, Paint, 407; Carrie C. W., 604. The Willapa, which arrived last night, reported having spoken the City of Diego on the Coast, with 430; Viva, 674; Otto, 430; Favorite, 380, and Libbie, 428.

## THE KILLMALLEE SPOKEN.

Coal Ship From Cardiff Was Seen by a Barke Now at San Francisco on October 9.

The British bark Killmallee, which is now 173 days out from Cardiff, has been spoken. She was hailed by the bark Inverieure, which arrived at San Francisco on the 19th, from Swansea on October 13, in 30 north and 135 west. The German ship Carl, which left Liverpool on the same day with general cargo for Victoria, has not been spoken since she passed the Lizard. The Killmallee is bringing coal for the navy.

## THE MISCHIEF SEIZED.

Held by the Sheriff on a Claim of \$500 For Wages by Her Master.

Steamer Mischief is in the hands of the sheriff in the upper harbor, on a claim of \$500 made against the steamer for wages by Capt. Meyer, master of the vessel. The Mischief was taken to the North to go on the mail route between Juneau and Skagway, but that project has been dropped. She was formerly the steam schooner Mischief, so well known in this port, and at the time of the Nome excitement was taken across to Seattle and practically rebuilt. It was the intention to send her North to trade along the coast of that part of Alaska, but with the many "black eyes" given the Nome district, when she was completed the project was abandoned.

## WILL CHANGE ROUTES.

Queen City Will Run to the West Coast and Willapa Goes on the Northern Route.

Steamer Queen City yesterday took a cargo of naval stores around to Esquimalt, and to-day she is to go into the hands of the repair crew to be overhauled and made ready to replace the Willapa on the West Coast run. The Queen City will take the schedule of the Willapa, and that vessel will go on the run to northern British Columbia ports. She will make her first trip North on the 1st.

## MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Boscowitz will sail for Nanaimo and way ports of northern British Columbia this morning.

Steamer Kinship Maru, of the N.Y.K. line, is due today from the Orient, and will call at Adelaide, of the N. P. line, is due on Saturday.

Steamer Cottage City is due from Alaska ports.

Steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco on Sunday afternoon, and after landing her Victoria passengers and 94 tons of general freight, left for the Sound at 2:30 p.m. The City of Puebla sailed at 8 p.m. for San Francisco with the following passengers from this city: J. Gardiner, A. A. Barnhardt and wife, E. F. Schultz, Mrs. M. H. P. Hunt, Miss Craig, Mrs. D. Fulmore, Mrs. Tyrell, D. McNeill and party, and Capt. Knight and wife.

Steamer Danube is due from Skagway.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Alaska Steamship Company, which operates the steamers Rosalie, Dolphin and Parallon, will be held at Port Townsend on Saturday, to consider a proposition to increase the capital stock from \$80,000 to \$300,000. There are rumors of this company further extending their scope of operations, encouraged by the success which they have met on the Alaska and Victoria-Seattle route.

## GARFIELD TEA

Is composed of the choicest roots and herbs known to the medical science.

CURES CONSTIPATION

ALL DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

## ESCAPES OF WARSCHIBES

Mr. H. S. White, the Montreal Star's special correspondent with the Canadian Rifles, writes an interesting account of the trials and troubles of a correspondent in the field.

Winston Churchill is not the only war correspondent who has had his life in jeopardy in the South African campaign. Mr. Churchill has the happy faculty of very effectively advertising himself. Though the public has heard nothing of it, many another correspondent has been through just as many hazardous adventures as has the notorious Mr. Churchill. Mr. Churchill has the happy faculty of very effectively advertising himself. Though the public has heard nothing of it, many another correspondent has been through just as many hazardous adventures as has the notorious Mr. Churchill. Mr. Churchill has the happy faculty of very effectively advertising himself. Though the public has heard nothing of it, many another correspondent has been through just as many hazardous adventures as has the notorious Mr. Churchill.

During the advance of the British army from Bloemfontein to Pretoria, the "front" was never less than about thirty miles. Wherever the Boers made a stand they occupied a line which extended for miles, and a front so extended that it would have taken a man a whole day to have gone from one end to the other of it. When an army attacked this extended front they overtopped it at either end for several miles; for on every occasion we controlled the Boers by turning their strongest position by turning both their flanks simultaneously, and threatening their rear. Thus, the most interesting operations—these turning movements on either flank—took place at a distance of about thirty miles from each other. How was one man going to watch a battle of this kind?

As a matter of fact there was only one thing for a correspondent to do—he had to choose one of our out-flanking columns and follow that. For the news of what took place at the other flank he had to trust to the communicativeness of the general in command, and to the good will of the members of his staff. Let us suppose that the correspondent elected, as I did, to pin his fortunes to the left flank of Robert's army. Here he finds himself attached to the column under command of General French. The column numbers about 8,000 men, and is composed entirely of mounted infantry, cavalry, and horse artillery. There is not a foot soldier of any kind in the column. At all times the column covers a lot of ground in a day's work. In a battle this little force of 8,000 mounted men can extend over a line ten miles long. Even to see what this single column did it will thus be readily understood that the correspondent has a lot of hard riding to do.

But as to risks he had to take, which was the subject I started with. It is clear that even when one column covers a line of ten miles, the correspondent is always well up to the front. If he stayed with the transport, in the rear, for instance, a fight might be going on all day and he would not know a thing about it. As a matter of fact the proper place for a correspondent is with the scouts, right in the very front of the front. That is where every correspondent tried to be. Unarmed, and a mere civilian, he was often the first man in the column to be fired at. The results prove, that as a body, the correspondents did not shrink from, or in killed, wounded, or captured, they had, proportionately with their numbers, more casualties than had the actual combatants. Not Mr. Winston Churchill was not the only correspondent who took risks.

The greatest risks of the correspondent were, however, not taken in a big engagement. On such occasions he always had a "line of retreat" open to him. When he found himself in a narrow corner, he could turn his horse's head, and ride out of it. It was in the small affairs—the little skirmishes and outpost fights that are never heard of—that not only the correspondent, but the soldier also, took the biggest risks. The Boer had a peculiar aptitude for poisoning down on small detached forces here, there and everywhere, and the correspondent was often caught in a trap of this kind. For everybody concerned these affairs were much more disagreeable than a big pitched battle. The correspondent particularly, as on these occasions he was out of his usual safeguard—a "line of retreat." Unarmed and helpless, he had to lie down with the ordinary Tommy and take the same risks he did.

It was on an occasion of this kind that I, personally, put the life of a miserable day that I spent in South Africa. There were six of us correspondents in a "saloon carriage" attached to a train going south through Orange River Colony. The rest of the train was composed of open coal trucks, and in these were about 400 regular troops, who were armed with "saloon carriage" with the correspondents. Men and officers were all released prisoners from Pretoria. Most of them had been in "durance velle" for several months—some for as many as eight. After being released, the men had all been in the hands of the Boers, and had been given up by surrendering Boers. Against Mausers they would never have been any good at the best, but you may be sure that before the wily Boer gave them up they had long ago seen their best days. On that night, however, I myself, and the other correspondents, were in the hands of the Tommies again at the first shot. Of artillery of any kind we were of course entirely destitute. In this comparatively helpless condition we were suddenly attacked in the frosty dawn of the early morning of June 22, as the train stood at the little station of Tloening Spruit, 21 miles north of Kroonstad.

Before attacking us the Boers had cut off a small outpost of our Canadian Mounted Rifles, killing Troopers Morden and Kerr, wounding Lieutenant Inglis and Troopers Aspinall, Burney and Miles, and capturing Sergeant Pattison and Troopers Bell and Brumfitt.

At the time we all thought Sergeant Pattison was also killed, but I see by the papers that he had only been captured and since released.

It was about seven o'clock in the morning when the Boers turned their attention to us. Tommy, of course, had to turn out and fight, but for us poor, forlorn correspondents, with our ordinary line of retreat cut off, there was nothing to do but to look for some kind of cover. Before the actual fighting began I took a hasty survey of the situation. On either side of the train were a few flimsy, one-

about four o'clock in the afternoon. Directly the Boers ceased firing I ran out of our house and made for the "saloon carriage" to get my musket. These so-called saloon carriages are divided into small compartments, each accommodating four passengers. The compartment next to mine was occupied by two English correspondents. As I passed the door a strange sight met my gaze. One of the correspondents whom I had not seen during the fight had evidently prepared the best substitute he could manage under the circumstances for his available "line of retreat." His compartment was filled up from floor to roof with all the baggage he could lay his hands on. Mine was equally filled up, and the compartment looked like the fullest little baggage car I ever saw in my life. Right underneath the whole pile was a little burrow—a regular badger hole. It was evident that that was where the poor correspondent had sought shelter from the Boer bullets and shells. For a war correspondent it displayed an unreasonable ignorance of the penetrability of modern missiles. Luckily for him a shell did not strike that compartment. But one shell did strike the next coach and it smashed it up most effectively. We learned later on that Mr. Correspondent was in his burrow at the time, and that the effect of that shell convinced him that he had better shift his position as rapidly as possible. This he did, getting into the building that had been converted into a hospital for the wounded, and which was protected by the red-cross flag. There he was not only safe but useful.

Besides the shells, I should think fully a hundred bullets had gone through that coach. So you will see that it was just as well that we did not stay there, as some of our party at the beginning of the fun suggested we should do.

So, after all, you cannot play with fire without getting burnt; and even the most cautious war correspondent is liable to get into a "hot corner" at times.

H. S. WHITE.

It is rumored that a certain Atchison man who has been cross for thirty years, recently looked pleasant—Atchison Globe.

When that tired feeling comes along, slide-track it with Jesse Moore "AA"—the best whiskey in the land.

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## The Colonist.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1900.

Published by

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Limited Liability,

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by Carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at following rates:

One year .....\$6 00  
Six months ..... 3 00

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

One year .....\$1 50  
Six months ..... 75  
Three months ..... 40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the Night Editor.

## THE NATIONAL POLICY.

The Times says that the National Policy is dead. If this were true, it would be sad news. Doubtless our contemporary would be glad to kill it, but happily for the country, it cannot do so. The National Policy is not dead, but is to-day dear to the heart of the great majority of Canadians. Sir Wilfrid Laurier would not dare to get upon a platform and make the declaration which the Times advances. If he should do so, he would meet with such a condemnation at the hands of the electorate as no premier ever received in Canada.

The National Policy is not dead. Liberalism cannot kill it. It is a policy that is founded in sound statesmanship. It has done much for Canada, and will do still more, when administered by men who understand and appreciate what it implies. It made Canada a united country. It made it a prosperous country. It contributes to the prosperity of the people to-day.

If the National Policy were dead, what would the Times propose to substitute for it? Has it lost faith in the future of the country? We hardly think so, for when it leaves politics alone, it is vigorous in its demands for the development of our national resources. We prefer to think that our contemporary does not appreciate what is implied in the National Policy. If this is the explanation, it is one that will suit a very large proportion of the members of the party with which it is allied. Canada wants the National Policy to be sustained, and the best people to sustain it are those who are responsible for its inauguration.

THAT \$10,000.

The statement of Mr. H. I. Cook that he was offered a senatorship for \$10,000 is a very painful one. It is not pleasant to read that a public man charges that one of the highest offices in the gift of the Crown in Canada had been put up for sale. It is only fair to say that Sir Wilfrid Laurier gave the statement a general denial, but Mr. Cook has reiterated it, and it seems certain that he would hardly do so unless he were prepared to make good his assertion. Something must have taken place to warrant such a charge, and the public will care very little as to what method of circumlocution was adopted to make it possible for the government to repudiate the offer.

The Senate is a branch of our government which is perhaps in need of reform; but if it ever became a place in which seats could be bought for so much cash, like a seat at a stock exchange, it would cease to be a benefit, and become a positive menace to the country. Things are bad enough in the United States, where in some cases legislatures are bought up by senatorial aspirants; but nothing that has ever happened there is equal to a demand by the government of the day for a cash consideration for a senatorial appointment. Between this and the sale of judgeships the distinction is so narrow that it is hardly worth while making any.

We have been slow to comment upon this matter, for it seemed to be of too serious a nature to be treated until the Premier had had an opportunity to disprove it beyond the shadow of a doubt. This has not been done, and, this being the case, we have no hesitation in citing this as a reason, and a very cogent reason, why the present party ought to be removed from power.

## BRITISH PREFERENCE.

The Times discusses British preferential trade and asks is it true that we get nothing in return? This question it answers by saying that we get free admission for our products into the markets of Great Britain and protection in all parts of the world. We certainly enjoy these things, and all the colonies alike enjoy them. What is more, they have

enjoyed them for a very long period. The free admission of Canadian products into the United Kingdom has nothing to do with preferential trade. The products of the United States, which has framed its tariff expressly to keep British products out of that country, enter Great Britain free of duty. So also do the products of every other country in the world and of every colony. British free trade was not designed for the benefit of Canada or the colonies, but for the benefit of the people of Great Britain. When this policy became the law of the United Kingdom, a great cry went up from all the colonies that they were being deprived of the benefit of British connection. To quiet the feelings of the people of British North America at that time, the reciprocity treaty of 1854 was negotiated, and certain of our products were admitted into the United States free of duty. It is perfectly absurd to say that British free trade is a benefit to Canada any more than it is to the rest of the world. Yet Canada is the only country in the world that gives Britain a preference. We have received absolutely nothing in return for this preference.

It is also absurd to claim that British protection throughout the world is extended to us in exchange for the preferential tariff. Great Britain has always afforded the subjects of the Crown protection, no matter in what quarter of the globe they might be. This was the case before Sir Wilfrid Laurier was born, and would have been continued if he never had dreamed of a preferential tariff. Our contemporary is simply playing with the facts when it claims that the British government has given Canada anything in return for a preference of 33 1-3 per cent. in our customs tariff. Indeed, it was the boast of Sir Wilfrid Laurier that his government did not ask or expect anything in return for it.

## IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Guerilla warfare continues in our new South African possessions. Jagersfontein and Fauresmith, near which there has been fighting, are in the southwestern portion of the Orange River Colony, and a part of the country that was for some time free from disturbance. There has been some fighting near Kroonstad, which is about half way between Bloemfontein and Pretoria; also at Fredericksburg, which is in the western part of the Transvaal. Methuen has been marching across the western Transvaal, somewhat to the north of Fredericksburg. It is not likely that any of the Boer parties are numerous, and their equipment must be very scanty. Enjoying the sympathy of the people, they can move readily through the country and attack places not very strongly defended, but a very short time will put an end to all this. The unfortunate part of the affair, apart from the loss of life, is that it delays the pacification of the country and compels Lord Roberts to resort to expedients, which he would avoid. He can have no desire to deal harshly with the burghers, but there will be nothing left for him to do unless they cease giving the guerrillas countenance and support.

There are at present between 16,000 and 20,000 burghers in our hands. We do not know how many were killed during the war, nor how many died from sickness and wounds. Neither is it possible to ascertain how many have been incapacitated from fighting by reason of their wounds. The number coming under the several heads must aggregate a formidable figure. The number of men in the two conquered countries, capable of bearing arms, must be small; their supply of ammunition must be nearly exhausted. They have few leaders of ability left. Their resistance is therefore senseless. Nevertheless it will probably continue for some time, becoming daily less annoying, and finally dying out with a few splutters like a candle.

## A GREAT AMERICAN.

John Sherman is dead. To those whose reading has not kept them in touch with public affairs in the United States, the name of John Sherman suggests very little, but it can be justly claimed of him that he was one of the greatest men, whom the United States has produced. For more than half a century he was identified with public affairs, and fifty-five years have passed since he first took his seat in congress. Thus he was in the chief council of the Republic before the War of Secession, and has taken an active part in all the stirring public events of the nation from that time until very recently.

Sherman's favorite field of work was finance, and probably the present monetary system of the United States owes its existence more to him than to any other individual. That system is far from perfect, but the man who could shape it and sustain it in the face of tremendous opposition and hostile criticism was no ordinary politician. Many people may not know the straits to which the United States was put during the War of Secession for a circulating medium. The war was fought on a paper currency, which at one time was worth only a little more than half its face value in gold. When peace was proclaimed, this depreciated currency was one of the great burdens upon the country. What to do with it was a question of exceeding difficulty. A demand was made for the resumption of specie payments, which was met by the claim that the country could not meet its obligations in gold. Men like Senator Sherman and Horace Greely thought otherwise. Greely used to print day after day in his paper, the New York Tribune, "the way to resume specie payments is to resume." He realized the tremendous force of an accomplished fact. Sherman took the same position in congress, and largely through his efforts the policy of resumption was adopted. In

1890 he introduced and carried through congress a bill providing for the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver every year, in order to satisfy the demands of the silver mine owners, who were contending for the establishment of bimetallism. This act was more discussed during the three years of its enforcement than any other piece of legislation in recent years. Financial houses regarded it as a menace to the business of the country, and the result was that in 1893 President Cleveland called a special session of congress to repeal it, and it was accordingly repealed.

Mr. Sherman was in the house of representatives from 1855 to 1891, and in the senate from 1891 until 1877. He then entered the Hayes cabinet as secretary of the treasury, remaining in office four years. He was then re-elected to the senate. President McKinley appointed him secretary of state, but his health failing him, he resigned shortly after, since which time he has been in private life.

Personally John Sherman was an excellent man. He cherished for some years an ambition to become president, but only met with disappointment. The people of the United States are not inclined to choose strong men as presidential candidates. His failure to receive a presidential nomination was, perhaps, the one grief in his political career. He was a man of unblemished patriotism. At times his zeal outran his discretion, but, taking him on the whole, he had few equals in the United States during his long career, and no superiors.

John Charlton is to be unopposed. Mr. Charlton is the gentleman who wrote to the Forum that the British preferential tariff was a failure.

The presentation of the address to Admiral Beaumont yesterday was one of the best managed and most satisfactory public functions ever witnessed in Victoria. It was really a very touching leave-taking.

Commissions to the passengers on the City of Seattle, who will have to spend two weeks at William Head. There seems to be a laxity in the supervision of steamers leaving Skagway. The United States authorities have a duty to perform in this connection.

Mr. Fred. Peters, an Associated Press report says, has been telling the good people of Ottawa that the government will carry five seats in this province. Mr. Peters may have said this, and he may think so, but if he does he is unique among the people of this province.

It is hardly likely that Canadian merchants will soon have all the trade of the Yukon, as the Times thinks, for we suppose that that part of the Dominion, like every other part of it, will always import something directly from the United States. But our relative share of the trade will steadily increase for a year or two yet. It has almost reached the probable maximum.

We print Mr. Revans' letter with the observation that our objection was not to the facts therein referred to so much as the phraseology, which created, as printed in the Land Roll, a wrong impression. What Mr. Revans says in his letter to the Colonist is quite correct, and perhaps he will allow us to thank him in the name of the people of Victoria for the very excellent things he has said to the British public through the Land Roll about our favored Island.

We have received some letters relating to the Great Northern's proposal to the city, but they are not meant to be published over the writers' proper names. We think we shall have to make a rule that in discussing the matter in the Colonist, correspondents must sign their letters. The proposal is made by reputable business men and will be discussed on the public platform by its advocates openly and before all men. The newspapers, in treating of it, will have to assume the responsibility for what they say. The anonymous correspondent has an irresponsibility that it is not desirable any one should enjoy in discussing a subject of such grave importance.

## PRESS COMMENT.

## POOR CONSOLATION.

From Moncton Times.

The fact that the government has purchased type and presses and hired an editor to run a so-called Labor Gazette is poor consolation for the workmen in Moncton who are obliged to work for a dollar a day and lose their positions if they do not vote right.

## COAL OIL.

From Halifax Herald.

A Halifax dealer in oil has sent to the Halifax Herald the following quotations of the price of kerosene as taken from his invoices:

Year.	Cents.
1892	18 5/8
1893	18
1894	17
1895	20
1896	20 1/2
1897	20 1/2
1898	20 1/2
1899 (Spring)	19 1/2
1899 (Fall)	22
1900	23 1/2

Old man Sir Louis David told us that we had made certain promises and that they had not been fulfilled. Now, I think it is patent to every individual who wants to be fair, that a man may make a promise with the very best intentions, and may find it very difficult to fulfill that promise in a

MR. MAXWELL.

From the Ottawa Citizen.

Rev. Mr. Maxwell, M.P. for Vancouver, when confronted in parliament with a long list of the government's broken pledges, uttered a characteristic defence worthy of words, as reported in Hansard of April 6, the shadiest politician. These are the "One characteristic keynote ran through all the broken pledges of the government. Now, I do not know for what reason hon. gentlemen should dwell so much upon what they call broken pledges. The hon. member for Victoria told us that we had made certain promises and that they had not been fulfilled. Now, I think it is patent to every individual who wants to be fair, that a man may make a promise with the very best intentions, and may find it very difficult to fulfill that promise in a

## H. REID &amp; CO.,

25 Broad Street, Next the Colonist Building.

## Opening Announcement

We have just opened a First-Class Tailoring Establishment at No. 25 Broad St. with a large and well assorted stock of Imported Woollens, comprising:  
SCOTCH AND IRISH TWEEDS AND SERGES.  
ENGLISH COVERT COATINGS.  
WEST OF ENGLAND TROUSERS, ENGLISH AND SCOTCH WOOLSTED, AND A FULL LINE OF CHOICE TRIMMINGS.

We have secured the services of MR. G. H. REDMAN (late of Burrows & Redman), as manager and cutter, whose long experience with English and American tailoring and his ability to interpret the different style effects will enable us to fill all orders with satisfaction which may be submitted to us.

Note the Address: **25 BROAD STREET,** Next The Colonist

## The Ontario Mutual Life

## THE MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA.

As the only purely Mutual Life Company in Canada and as its business extends from coast to coast, a more NATIONAL AND COMPREHENSIVE NAME was found desirable. Under the new name the management will aim to perpetuate and extend the SAME POPULAR FEATURES AND SOUND PRINCIPLES which have made the company what it is to-day and to which the

## Unprecedentedly Profitable Results

to its policy-holders are largely attributable. With the same hearty co-operation of our policy-holders and the same generous confidence of the assured public, as accorded for the last 30 years, we believe THESE RESULTS WILL CONTINUE to be as satisfactory to policy-holders in the future as they have been in the past.

R. MELVIN, GEO. WEGENAST, W. M. RIDDELL,  
President, Manager, Secretary.  
R. L. DRURY, - B.C. Mgr. 34 Broad Street.

day, or in a week, or in a month, or in a year. I can remember a particular promise of which I have read, and which has been very much studied by me, made by the Hon. J. H. Macdonald, in 1871, and fifty years afterwards that promise was still unfulfilled; but, before he died the promise was verified.

Louisa de Labelle agreed with the ethical position assumed by Rev. Mr. Maxwell. Mr. Powell, of Westminster, then administered the following scathing rebuke:

"What does he say? He says that in modern politics there is no place for logic, no place for consistency. That this is a great danger to public life."

Mr. Bourassa—"If the hon. gentlemen will allow me, I make no restriction of time; I say the politics of all time."

Mr. Powell—"The hon. gentleman says he was referring to the politics of all time. The suggestion was as to the politics of the present time. He says there is no place in politics for sincerity, and sincerity is a menace to the state. But the high water mark was reached when the hon. member for Burrard rose in his place and said: 'You cannot hold this government to its promise, because Jehovah did not keep His promise to Abraham, and the Lord did not keep His promise even at that time.'"

Matters are surely grown desperate when a government supporter, and he brought in on the Shorter Catechism, and strengthened by the Westminster Confession, resorts to the dangerous expedient of excusing the party's perjury by quoting Jehovah as also a defaulter and breaker of pledges.

## QUESTIONS FOR SIR LOUIS.

From Charlottetown Examiner.

Come, Sir Louis, answer the questions: Why didn't you retain the tariff with the States as you assured you would?

Why didn't you "eliminate"—that was your word—every vestige of protection from the tariff as you promised you would?

Why didn't you have the prices of kerosene oil and binder twine and other things lowered as you led the electors to believe your government would?

Why didn't you and your colleagues, according to your promise, reduce the public expenditures by \$1,000,000?

Why did you, instead, increase the public expenditures by \$10,000,000 and the public debt by \$7,000,000?

Why is your government taking \$11,000,000 more per year out of the pockets of the people?

Come, Sir Louis, give an account of your stewardship. Don't imagine that your constituents are going to excuse you and your colleagues, for whose acts you are responsible, on account of anything Senator Ferguson has done or left undone.

## Fall Blouses and

## Wrappers

## Just Arrived.

## MRS. M. A. VIGOR

Columbia House, 81 Douglas St.

## A Special

## Consignment of

LACE BRAIDS,  
PATTERNS, ETC.,  
PHOTO FRAMES  
AND LINENS,  
BEDDINGS ART SILKS

## MRS. W. BICKFORD

61-63 Fort St.

## DRUNKENNESS can be cured.

We have a sure cure, which can be given with or without the knowledge of the patient. Send for particulars, enclosing 2c. stamp for reply. Address Dr. W. H. Saun ders & Co., Sta. C., Chicago, Ill.

## The H.B.A. Vogel Commercial College

P. O. Box 347, Vancouver, B. C.

We teach through office methods entirely and use no text books or "system" for book-keeping. We teach and place our students into positions in six months. Short-hand and typewriting. Send for illustrated prospectus.

## For Sale By Tender.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 5 o'clock, p.m., of Tuesday, the 23rd day of October, 1900, for the purchase of the westerly 100 acres of lot 81, Alberni District, B. C.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.  
H. G. HALL,  
Solicitor for the Vendor,  
Victoria, B. C., 1st October, 1900.

## PUBLIC MEETING.

A public meeting in the interests of the Conservative Candidates for the Electoral District of Victoria will be held in

## Masonic Hall, Esquimalt

ON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23rd.

Chair taken at 8 p. m.

Addresses will be delivered by Messrs. PRIOR AND EARLE

And other well known speakers, on the political issues in the coming campaign.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

N.B.—A meeting will be held at Colwood on Thursday, Oct. 25.

## Queen's Hotel

COR. STORE AND JOHNSON STS.

European and American Plans. First-Class in every particular. Close to railway depot and steamboat wharves.

THE TRAM CARS PASS THE DOOR. FREE 'BUS.

Rates--\$1.00 to \$1.50 per day

MRS. HASTINGS, PROPRIETRESS

## Electric Motors

Are the best power for all purposes.

## Ours Are the Best.

C.E.E. apparatus is the standard. We have installed more apparatus than all other companies in Canada.

For prices and information, address

Canadian General Electric Company

LIMITED.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

## HOTEL BADMINTON

VANCOUVER.

Corner of Howe and Dunsmuir Sts.

FUJI COMPANY,

JAPANESE MERCHANT TAILORS.

Suits made to order. New Fall goods just arrived.

156 Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

S. FUSEYA, Proprietor.

## Sing Yuen &amp; Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Ladies' Fine Silk Underwear.

173 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. BOX 17.

## Slodder's Jewellery Store

63 YATES STREET.

ONE DOOR ABOVE BROAD STREET.

## A STRONG NICKEL WATCH

Stemwind and set, full jewelled escape-ments, warranted 5 years, special reduced price.

\$2.50 AND \$3.00

The above is cheap at \$5.00. We have upwards of 5000 watches. Bankrupt stock bought for cash. Take advantage of this offer while it lasts.

## ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST

## SPENCER'S.

## New and Seasonable Goods.

## New Rain Coats and Macintoshes.

Very great variety, all prices up to \$35.00. Newmarket, Paddock Coats, both three-quarter and full lengths. Special qualities, made to our order, at \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$17.50.

Children's Macintoshes from \$2.25.

An express shipment of Ladies' Loose Back Coats opened To-day.

## Queen Quality Shoes.

The first shipments have come to hand. You will find them equal to any \$5 Shoe in the country. All Styles the One Price--\$3.75.

## SPECIALS FOR WEDNESDAY.

TREFOUSSE KID GLOVES—Regular \$2.00 and \$1.50 Qualities. . . . .

VELLING—900 Yards, Various Patterns, 25c Quality. . . . . WEDNESDAY, \$1.00 a Pair

VELLING—900 Yards, Various Patterns, 25c Quality. . . . . WEDNESDAY, 10c Yard

## Fit-Reform

AND IT'S MISSION.

## FIT-REFORM WAS PRODUCED TO FILL THREE WANTS

**First**—To give tailor-made clothes at ready-made cost.

**Second**—To give tailor-made style and fit without tailor-made delay.

**Third**—To do away with tailor-made guess-work as to how a piece of cloth will look when made up.

FIT-REFORM is not merely a name. Its name is useful only to distinguish it from make-shift clothing.

FIT-REFORM led the way to good clothing ready-to-wear. It still leads where other branded clothing is unsettled and uncertain—following an ideal without the experience to carry it out. Fit-Reform has passed through the primary grades and stands at the head of the ranks of the best.

## THE FIT-REFORM WARDROBE

73 GOVERNMENT STREET.

VICTORIA, B.C.



WET FEET!

Are Always Running After The Doctor

You cannot be too careful with your children's feet at this season of the year. Our special line of box Calf Shoes is the proper thing for wet weather.

We do not slight the Little Man. We carry a large assortment of Boys, Youths' and Little Gents' Shoes, and all the styles are patterned after the men's styles—Russets, Box Calf, Wax Calf, etc., etc. Prices begin at \$1.00 and advance step by step to \$2.00. You won't complain about our prices—you can't.

## THE PATERSON SHOE CO., LTD.

## SHOE EMPORIUM

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.





## Pure Drugs

These two words mean a great deal. Purity of drugs and accuracy of compounding are of the utmost importance. If you are particular, or want to be sure of results, come to us. Better come here all the time; we're at your service always. Open Sundays for sale of drugs, medicines and sick room requisites.

CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist,

95 Government Street. Near Yates Street. Telephone 425.

## Fine Work

Is our specially strong point, and everything entrusted to us is guaranteed, or NO PAY.

Twenty years' experience in hand-lining watches of the highest grade. GOLDSMITH and SILVERSMITH.

E. ANDERNACK, The Jeweller, 57 Yates Street



## The Political Question.

It behooves every good politician to drink the finest of Coffee. Second rate goods are liable to injure the nerves. Our finest blend of Java, Mocha and Maracabo is of superior excellence. GROUND DAILY and ALWAYS FRESH.

Telephone No. 88 for Sample.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO., The Leading Grocers.

## Mantels Tiles and Grates

A particularly fine assortment on hand. Call and inspect these art goods. Estimates cheerfully given.

AGENT FOR LUXURY PRISMS.

W. J. ANDERSON,

Langley street, cor. Courtenay.



There Is No Need to Send Away for Your

## GUNS AND AMMUNITION

As we have the largest and choicest stock in the province to select from.

JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.

115 Government St. Repairs BY SKILLED WORKMEN. Victoria, B. C.

## HARDRESS CLARKE.

Snow Flake Flour ..... \$1.15  
Three Star Flour ..... \$1.15  
Hungarian Flour ..... \$1.15  
Ogilvie's Flour ..... \$1.50  
16 pounds Granulated Sugar ..... \$1.00  
35 pounds Van. Granulated Sugar ..... \$1.00  
8 pounds Sugar ..... \$1.00  
4 pounds Best J. Rice ..... 25  
3 packets Corn Starch ..... 25  
6 boxes Sunlight Soap ..... 50  
25 boxes Pears' Electric Soap ..... 25  
5 cakes White Swan Soap ..... 25  
English Sauce ..... 10c. bottle  
English Pickles ..... 20c. bottle  
Hungarian Mustard ..... 10c. pck.  
Toilet Soap ..... 10c. box  
Rajah Tea—A Mild Ceylon ..... 20c. lb.  
My Blend Tea—A Mild Ceylon ..... 25c. lb.  
L.X.L. Tea—Indian Ceylon ..... 30c. lb.  
Nice Japan Tea ..... 25c. lb.  
Choicest Japan Tea ..... 50c. lb.  
Choicest Assam Tea ..... 40c. lb.  
Mr. Bies' Coffee ..... 25c. lb.  
Mocha Java Coffee ..... 40c. lb.

86 DOUGLAS STREET.

(Applause.) Regarding mail grievances, Mr. Prior sympathized much with the Liberals who were deprived of proper facilities.

Mr. Earle was the next speaker. He also thanked them for coming out on such a wet night, and without indulging in a lengthy speech, told of what was the real situation of the Conservative party and the weakness of the Laurier-Clarte government. Hundreds of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's former supporters were leaving the party because of unfulfilled pledges. He sympathized with the residents of Ross Bay in the matter of inadequate mail facilities and deplored the fact that the Liberals had not seen fit to grant the prayers of many petitioners who had brought the matter to the attention of the government. Perhaps this was because Victoria was returning Conservative members. Mr. Earle next touched upon the increase in expenditure and the exposure of Mr. Cook, who had showed up the Liberals in many important particulars. Mr. Cook had created a sensation by his charge that he was offered a senatorship for the sum of \$10,000. Senator Templeman had been loud in his denunciation of the senate, but he got there, and now he was silent.

There was no question but that the Conservative would be elected at the forthcoming contest and if they were, there was little doubt but the postal delivery would be extended to that district.

Other matters were touched upon by Mr. Earle—the question of cabinet representation and the sending of a South African contingent. He had served the constituency and he had felt sure that himself and Col. Prior would be returned on the 7th November.

If D. Helmecken, called upon by the chairman, delivered a brief speech, and most enthusiastically received. The Admiral, in his farewell remarks at the assembly rooms that afternoon, had said the advice he had always given young men was to "do your duty." He thought he was doing his duty as a young British Columbian in attending the meeting that evening. The Liberals had neglected the interests of British Columbia. It was argued on behalf of Messrs. Riley and Drury that the Liberals were going to be returned, and it was best to elect them anyway. That was a poor argument, as the Conservatives also had information that the Conservative party was going to be put in office. But had the Liberals neglected that portion of the constituency neglected the past, and would they do better in the future if they did get in? (Hear, hear.) What he wanted the electors to do was to contrast what had been done by the Conservative government and what had been done by the Liberal government, and after that go and cast their ballots for Messrs. Prior and Earle, who well merited once again the support of the constituency. (Applause.)

A vote of confidence in the Conservative candidates was then unanimously passed, and the meeting closed, after the customary vote of thanks to the chairman, and with the singing of "God Save the Queen."

Union Meeting.—A union meeting of the Christian Endeavor and Epworth League Societies will be held this evening in St. Andrew's Presbyterian school room, to hear the report of the delegates who attended the convention held in Westminster in the early part of this month.

No Rehearsal.—There will be no rehearsal of "The Last Judgment," as previously arranged at St. Andrew's church to-morrow evening, on account of counter attractions.

Shipping Matters.—Mr. W. W. Stumblies, of the marine and fisheries department at Ottawa, has completed his inquiry in respect to pilotage affairs at Vancouver Island ports, and is now engaged in investigating alleged discrimination by ship-owners against British Columbia ports in favor of Sound ports. He will be here for several days, the work he now has in hand being most important.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.

## THE WESTSIDE

## Rare Values



## BLACK DRESS GOODS.

A BELATED SHIPMENT of Black Dress Materials arrived yesterday. They are without exception the Handsomest Weaves we've ever imported; no two pieces alike, and every one a novelty. The entire shipment will go on sale to-morrow, at such exceptionally low prices as these:

French Crepon and Blister Cloth, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.40, 1.65 to \$2.75.

Black Henriettas, very fine weave, 45 inches wide, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.40

Black French Repps, very handsome, 90c, \$1.25.

Ladies' Cloth, rich black, 54 inches wide, 90c, \$1.25.

Black Estemaino Serge, 45 inches wide, 45c, 50c, 75c, 90c.

These are the best Black Goods values we've ever offered.

THE HUTCHESON CO. LIMITED.



## The Older The Better

Is truer of whiskey than of most any other article, and age is one of the several good qualities of our famous Rye Whiskey. It was distilled in 1883, and every year it has been growing richer, mellower, and nearer the ideal flavor. We carry all the favorite brands of Scotch, Irish, Rye and Bourbon Whiskey. Only the purest and best find a place on our shelves.

BRANCH STORE AT ALBANY.

The Saunders' Grocery Co., Ltd.

## In Your Home

Why Not Have a Piano?

Don't say you can't afford it; you don't know how easy we can make it for you to own a fine piano—a piano of the kind we sell—the best there is. Better come and talk it over, and learn our easy terms. We have many other musical instruments, all easy to buy.

FLETCHER BROS.

93 Government St. Music Dealers.



## When Men Talk

of Neckwear, Hosiery, Shirts and other Furnishings, and of good places to buy them, our store is sure to be favorably mentioned.

WE HAVE THE LATESTIN FALL FANCY VESTS, SHIRTS, GLOVES, TIES, ETC.

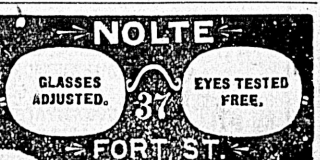
and we want to see you among our early callers to get your choice of the novelties.

W. & J. Wilson

83 GOVERNMENT STREET.

## LADIES !!!

Why sleep on unwholesome Feather Beds and Pillows when you can have them made sweet and wholesome at the SANITARY STRAW FEATHER RENOVATOR WORKS, 110 Fort Street. Charges Moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed.



NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE. FORT ST.

## VICTORIA TIDES.

By F. Napier Denison.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest spring tide, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

Time.	Height above zero	Time.	Height above zero
3:40 a.m.	7.8 feet.	4:20 a.m.	8.1 feet.
8:20 a.m.	6.7 feet.	9:03 a.m.	6.9 feet.
2:15 p.m.	8.8 feet.	2:35 p.m.	8.8 feet.
8:45 p.m.	2.0 feet.	9:20 p.m.	1.5 feet.

## SNAPS.

2 Lots, Oak Bay Avenue ..... \$ 300  
Choice double Lot, Belmont Street fronting on sewer, 10x120 ..... 1,600  
Large Lot, well located, Harrison Street ..... 500  
For particulars and terms, apply to HEISTERMAN & CO.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Air-Tight Heaters at Cheapside.  
Blue Ribbon Tea is simply delicious.  
Bird and Parrot Cages at Cheapside.  
Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.  
Drink "Hondt," purest and best of Ceylon teas.

Coal Air-Tights, McClary's make, at Clarke & Pearson's.  
George Powell & Co. are agents for Majestic Ranges.

Highest cash price paid for old gold and silver, at 43 Johnson street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT  
Of English goods, including Steadman's Whooping Cough Powders, Howard's Bicarbonate of Soda, Kent's Tooth Pastes, and Quinine Wine, has just arrived at Davies' Drug Store, 30 and 32 Govt. St. Open day and night.

Cheapest yet—Str. Victorian, fare 50c.  
The Victoria News Co., stationers and bookellers. New stock—office stationery. R. T. Williams, manager, 86 Yates street.

Some special good subjects in Framed Pictures, Artotypes, Steel Engravings and Photographs now on show at Weiler's. Picture Mouldings in endless variety.

Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.

For all sorts of troubles—domestic or political—keep Hondt Ceylon Tea ready in the cabinet.

Divorce Trial.—The petition of Robert B. McClelland for a divorce from his wife, Minnie Jane McClelland, will be heard in the Supreme court to-morrow. The charge is desertion and adultery.

Don't forget the Costume and Jacket slaughter at the White House. The department is being cleaned out at half prices.

Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.

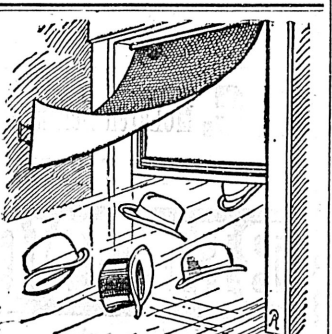
When buying Lamp Chimneys it is cheaper and more satisfactory to get the best. Ask for Macheen Pearl Glass Chimneys. Weiler Bros. sell them.

## HERE'S A CHANCE

To fit yourself out with the best  
Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powders, Washes, etc., at the most reasonable prices. See window display at F. W. FAWCETT & CO'S.  
49 Government Street. Tel. 700.

Fresh Fish.—A choice variety in market to-day, from our own fishing boats. Cured fish, Kippers, Bloaters and Kippered Salmon, Yule and Trout, constantly on hand, at Brown & Cooper's Central Fish Market, 89 Johnson street. Telephone 621.

Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.



New Hats in Our Window.

## Hats Blowing In!

The newest things in hats have been blowing in and are just unpacked. They include the distinctive shapes, and the newest shades and colors, and are a great improvement over anything yet shown. You'll like them—so will others.

SEA & GOWEN  
Gents' Furnishings  
30 Douglas street. I. O. O. F. Block

## Furs Made and Renovated.

MANUFACTURE OF SEAL SKIN JACKETS A SPECIALTY. LATEST DESIGNS FROM LONDON AND AMERICA. CALL AND SEE OUR FASHION PLATES.

SOUPAL & CO., 34 Government Street.

## Rubber Tires for Carriages.

I AM THE ONLY CARRIAGE MAKER IN THE CITY CARRYING A STOCK OF THESE GOODS.

WILLIAM MABLE,

115 Johnson St.

## FOR SALE

TWO CAPITAL FARMS—5 or 6 miles from city, good houses, good buildings, good orchards, good soil.

SEVERAL EXCELLENT FARMS—Ten to fourteen miles out.

MAINLAND—Some first-class farms, none better.

CITY LOTS—Some of the best in the city.

HOUSES, COTTAGES—Furnished and unfurnished, to sell or let.

## G. C. REVANS

Land and Insurance Agent.  
31a Government Street, Victoria, B. C., and London, England.

AUCTION SALES.—All Advertisements for Auction Sales will be found on Page 8.

Farming Machinery.—At the meeting at Metehosin, Col. Prior, in referring to the duties, said the duty on farming machinery, not "mining machinery," as appeared in the report, was the same now as under Conservative rule. The compositor made the change.

New Quarters.—The Victoria aerie of the Fraternal Order of Eagles will move into their new hall in the Adelphi building on Wednesday evening. The event will be celebrated in the royal style for which the Eagles are famous.

A Convert.—Mr. Joseph Atkins, who acted as chairman at Messrs. Prior and Earle's meeting at Parson's bridge on Saturday evening, supported the Liberals at the last election. He is now a staunch supporter of the Conservative party.

Anniversary Celebration.—Arrangements are being completed by the Victoria lodges for the celebration of the thirty-second anniversary of the A. O. U. W., on Saturday evening. A joint meeting will be held, at which it is expected there will be a large number of initiations.

Furniture Sale.—On account of the contemplated removal of Ven. Archdeacon and Mrs. Scriven to California for the winter, the valuable contents of their residence, on Vancouver street, will be sold by auction by the Outhbert-Brown Co., Ltd., to-morrow at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Club Meeting.—To-night at the club rooms, Ildige road, there will be a general meeting of the Fernwood Young Men's Association. Important business will come before the meeting, and all members and others interested are especially urged to attend. President R. B. King will occupy the chair.

Minor Offenders.—A bunch of three drunks, and William Mytton, who supplied liquor to Indians, were the only occupants of the dock in the city police court yesterday. One drunk was fined \$2.50, two \$5, and Mytton \$100. A fourth drunk was still too much under the influence to appear when his case was called.

Prospective Doctors.—An examination of candidates for registration under the British Columbia Medical Act will be held at the provincial board of health rooms in the parliament buildings, commencing on Tuesday next. Dr. J. C. Fagan, the secretary, will receive applicants and examine diplomas at his office on Monday.

Speedy Trials.—A further remand of two weeks was allowed yesterday in Regina vs. Marcovitch, in which the defendant is charged with indecent assault. Odeine, a Jap, was convicted of the charge of maliciously wounding cattle belonging to James Watt, of Saanich, and was bound over to appear for sentence.

Change in Time Table.—Starting on Wednesday morning, the tramway company will give a 20-minute service to Esquimalt, instead of the present 15-minute service. The company find it impossible to continue the present service during such time as the swing on the Rock Bay bridge is under construction. Until further notice, cars will leave Government street for Esquimalt at the even hour, 20 minutes and 40 minutes past the hour, and will leave Esquimalt at 5 minutes, 25 minutes and 45 minutes past the hour.

Another Fake Hold-Up.—On Sunday evening Herbert Appleby, who drives a milk cart, went home and reported that at 6:30 he had been held up on the Fairfield road, near Moss street, by a lone highwayman, and under compulsion handed over the contents of his purse, \$3.75. The lad's father reported the matter to the police, and Detectives Palmer and Perdue went out in the drenching rain storm to investigate. Yesterday they again cross-questioned young Appleby, and his story had so many flaws that they accused him of having manufactured it. He finally admitted that that was the case, he having told the story to cover a delinquency.

Str. Victorian—Fare 50c. to Seattle.



## Liberals at Esquimalt

### Messrs Drury and Riley Address a Small Assemblage of Electors.

### Mr. Riley Promises to Secure a Fog Horn for Victoria Harbor.

An audience of thirty-five assembled last night in Masonic hall, Esquimalt, to hear addresses from Messrs. Riley and Drury, the Liberal candidates, on the issues of the campaign. The candidates were accompanied by Lt.-Col. Gregory, and Messrs. Gordon Hunter and F. J. Deane, who also addressed the meeting. The speeches were of a general nature, neither of the candidates presenting anything new or original. Mr. Riley's remarks occupied less than five minutes, and the other orators, though longer, consisted mainly in denunciation of the Conservative party and all its works. The old stock arguments were trotted out and ridden to death, by each in turn, with such damnable iteration that the wearied audience gradually melted away, so that when Mr. Drury rose to speak all but sixteen had fled from the hall.

Mr. Victor Howard was appointed chairman. In answer to an enquiry, the chairman informed those present that anyone in the audience would have the privilege of speaking after the regular speakers had concluded.

Mr. George Riley announced that he and Mr. Drury had been the unanimous choice of the Liberal convention as candidates for Victoria, and as such were seeking the support of the electors. He was an out and out supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and his policy was to build up a strong party, to advocate the placing of a fog horn at the entrance of Victoria harbor, the settlement of the Songhees reserve and the extension of the Island railway.

In answer to a question Mr. Riley said he was in favor of the alien law. In reference to the Chinese question, he could advocate a system of registration. For every Canadian who went to China or Japan he would allow a Chinaman or Japanese to enter Canada, and no more. He would favor an increased capitation tax on Chinese.

Mr. Drury spoke of the large increase in trade and the prosperity of the Dominion under the Liberal regime. He defended the government against the charge made by the opposition that the increase in the price of blunder twine was due to the Liberal policy, with respect to that commodity. The real cause, said Mr. Drury, was the Philippine war, which raised the price of the raw material. He compared the Conservative railway policy with that of the Liberals, claiming that the C. P. R. had been bonused extravagantly by the Conservatives, whereas the Liberals had made a businesslike bargain with the Canada Southern and the Great Northern railways. The arrangement with the latter line was especially praiseworthy, as the interests of the people were safeguarded in every way, and that policy alone should secure the maintenance in power of the Liberal party. The government had only given the C. P. R. a pass railway about \$100,000, and had retained the best of the coal lands and the right to regulate freight rates. He claimed that the Intercolonial railway under Liberal rule had become a paying property. The C. P. R. was now endeavoring to coerce the government with regard to the wintering of the army, and Mr. Blair was bold enough to defy the C. P. R. and preserve the public interests from the greed of that corporation. The settlement of the Manitoba school question was another laurel in the crown of Liberal statesmanship, and he would like Col. Prior to define the policy of the Conservative party on that question to-day—four years ago it was remedial legislation, to be forced on the province, what is it to-day? He would like Col. Prior to deny the truth of that statement and those which had preceded it. Mr. Drury then touched briefly on pre-ferential trade, and the denunciation of Mr. Blair for coming to the benefits conferred by these two items of Liberal policy. The adoption of the provincial voters' lists in Dominion elections was commended, as well as the attempt to reveal the county boundaries for Dominion constituencies frustrated by the senate. Mr. Drury then turned to Mr. Blair in favor of these changes, to be made by a commission of judges? The Liberals had abolished the sweating system, by providing that fair wages be paid in all public works. Did the Conservatives ever recognize the workmen by establishing a department of labor and the Labor Gazette, let Col. Prior claim that the Liberals had stolen the Conservative policy. Another matter in which Conservatives had failed had been arranged by Mr. Fielding—the placing of Canadian securities on the trustee securities list in Great Britain. The denunciation of the German treaties was also secured by the Liberals, and a series of Conservative deficits had been changed to an average annual surplus of \$4,000,000. Mr. Riley had

called the speakers attention to the number of men in Victoria who had been receiving pensions from the Dominion government, men who did not deserve them, and in many cases, did not deserve them. The repeal of the Superannuation Act would put an end to this extravagance in the future. What was the Conservative policy? Did they object to the settlement of the school question, the establishment of penny postage, or the creation of a surplus? Did the Colonist, the organ of the Conservatives, object to these Liberal achievements? Mr. Drury, on his part, complimented the Colonist on the fair, dignified tone it had adopted during this campaign, placing variation from the policy of personal abuse indulged in by many of the party journals. He then read extracts from Pamphlet No. 6, bearing on the sending of the contingents to South Africa—he did not think Col. Prior or Mr. Blair would approve of that pamphlet. The speaker charged Sir Charles Tupper with recklessness of statement in many instances, and wound up by asking the voters present to send to Ottawa two representatives who would aid him in carrying on the policy of progress so happily inaugurated by the Liberal government.

Col. Gregory apologized for not having his subject well in hand and asked permission to refer to his notes, which were alarmingly voluminous to those who hoped for a reasonably short speech. He would refer to but two subjects. First of these was the corrupt practices of the Conservatives and the clean record of the Liberals. He stigmatized the Tupper-Sifton Brandon meeting as a farce in which Sir Wilfrid Laurier was humiliated. The alleged election frauds in Manitoba were dwelt upon, the Colonist reading extracts from the evidence given by the Informer Freeman, when he made his celebrated statement in court. The Colonist then referred to other corrupt election practices in Ontario constituencies in which he claimed the Conservatives were the guilty parties. Regarding the second subject, Col. Gregory referred to Conservatives claiming to be the only party of loyalty. Liberals had a flag and were loyal as well as the Conservatives. He depicted what he described as the "attempt of the Conservatives to raise racial prejudice." Of his own knowledge, the French-Canadians were as loyal as any class of Canadians, and instanced the case of Col. Pelletier, a personal friend, who had sustained a life long injury in fighting for Britain in South Africa. The Liberals had settled the school question, promoted trade under the preferential tariff, secured the recognition of the Canadian German treaties, established penny postage, secured the recognition of Canada among the nations, established a labor bureau, secured the public lands for the actual settler, and lastly, and best of all, had given Canada a business government.

Mr. Gordon Hunter devoted his remarks to emphasizing upon the audience the importance of returning to parliament supporters of the Liberal government, men friendly to the administration, who would be likely to secure a fair share of government patronage. The extension of the E. & N. railway to the North end of the Island would build up Victoria to a city of 150,000 inhabitants in a few years, and it was most vital to the interests of the city that members should be sent to Ottawa who would be in a position to approach the government as friends, and secure the necessary aid to that important work. He vigorously denounced the national policy, claiming that under it a class of millionaires was created to the detriment of workmen and farmers. He ridiculed Sir Charles Tupper's proposed reciprocal tariff with Great Britain, claiming that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's preferential tariff was the next step towards the great Liberal desideratum—free trade. Victoria returns one-third of the total British Columbia representation in the house of commons, and it was of the most vital importance that they elect men upon whom they could thoroughly depend.

Mr. F. J. Deane made a brief address, congratulating the electors of Victoria on their felicitous choice of candidates to use every effort to elect these two gentlemen on November 7. Mr. Deane claimed that the Conservatives were disunited on questions of policy, that their defeat on election day was certain, and closed with a final appeal to workmen to vote for the Liberal candidates.

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THERE WAS NO NUGGET.

False Interview Given by a Swedish Imitator of the Shanghai Correspondents.

The story given to the Colonist on Sunday of the finding of a large nugget valued at \$500 on Thompson creek, off Knight's inlet, in the romantic manner therein described, by a Swede trapper and hand-laborer named Fred Westberg, the alleged discoverer, who then gave his name as Ole Olson, has been proved by investigation, proved to be untrue.

The story was given to a compositor of the Colonist and later repeated in an interview to a Colonist reporter by Westberg, alias Olson, apparently in good faith. Westberg, in company with a printer, came to the Colonist editorial rooms on Saturday afternoon to tell the story. There were no reporters in the office at the time, and he told the tale of the alleged find to a compositor. Later a reporter met the two at the Queen's hotel, Niles, was the first to ask him, and he called the Swede into the bar, and introduced him to the reporter as Mr. Olson. Then Olson told the story as was printed.

To-day he appeared at the Colonist office and said the story of the find was untrue. A reporter again interviewed this disciple of the Shanghai correspondent yesterday afternoon, and Westberg admitted that he had lied. He said he knew he had lied and, in fact, made a full confession that he was a liar and no ordinary one.

The fact that he is so strong in lying may therefore give little weight to his reiteration yesterday afternoon that he had found gold at Knight's inlet, although such such paying allusions as he said on Saturday evening. Yesterday he said that as far as his story of having found placers on Thompson creek was concerned, it was true. He had panned gravel there which went five cents to the pan. He had, however, not found the nugget.

Asked why he had then stated that he had, he said that Niles had thought that a newspaper would pay four or five dollars for a story of a find such as that, and had asked him to say so, for he was anxious to get a few dollars to get out of town. Niles had learned of his arrival from Knight's inlet on the tug Hope, and of his find of gold bearing gravel, the extent and richness of which could not be stated, but from which he had taken five cents per pan. Then Niles had told him to say his name was Olson, and had put the story of the nugget in his mouth. Together they came to the Colonist and told their story to the compositor, as they later told it to a reporter.

"Niles is a liar," said Westberg to the reporter. "And yourself?" said the reporter. "Oh," said the short Swede, "he had the only one in the world."

There is not an ounce of headache in a barrel of it—Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Durable Vegetable Preparation.

GUKE SICK HEADACHE.

Must Bear Signature of

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## Farm on Sproat Lake, Alberni, To Lease.

This property is situated about nine miles from Alberni, and contains about 1,570 acres. It has about 35 acres, more or less cleared and seeded down with clover and other grasses. There is a good well and a small residence on the property, and a beautiful view of Sproat Lake. There is a large barn and out-houses, and a good garden and orchard. There is excellent fishing to be had in the Lake and Soamas River, and game of all sorts abounds. This is for lease at a very low rental.

**Pemberton & Son,** 45 Fort St.

### THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,  
Victoria, Oct. 22—8 p.m.  
SYNOPSIS.

Another storm area is approaching the Vancouver Island Coast, and a heavy and threatening weather will prevail in this section. A series of low areas of considerable energy is passing over this and the Northwest Territories, and extending to Ontario. Two areas of depression over the British Columbia and Manitoba respectively. A high area lies off the northern part of California. Rain has fallen in this district and in the western parts of the adjoining States, and a thunderstorm occurred at Neah Bay.

### TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	45	51
New Westminster	44	52
Kamloops	38	50
Calgary	26	42
Winnipeg	20	34
Portland, Ore.	48	54
San Francisco, Cal.	50	68

### FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m.—(Pacific time) Tuesday:  
Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh southerly and southerly winds; unsettled, with occasional rain.  
Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds; unsettled, with rain.

### VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

### SUNDAY, October 21.

Deg.	Mean.	Deg.
5 a.m.	53	55
Noon	54	60
5 p.m.	52	59

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.	14 miles southeast.
Noon	12 miles south.
5 p.m.	20 miles southwest.

Average state of weather—Rainy.  
Rain—39 inch.

Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.500  
Corrected.....29.510

### NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected.....29.46

### MONDAY, October 22.

Deg.	Mean.	Deg.
5 a.m.	45	49
Noon	49	51
5 p.m.	49	49

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.	10 miles west.
Noon	12 miles west.
5 p.m.	16 miles east.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.  
Sunshine—4 hours 54 minutes.  
Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.084  
Corrected.....29.097

### NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected.....29.08

### PASSENGERS.

By steamer Rosalie from the Sound:	
C. Ord.	G. Brunelle
Mrs. Ord	J. Trochauty
J. McDonald	H. Middleton
H. Bree	D. S. Tait
A. Sheaton	Wm. Terry
H. P. Rounds	Miss Lyver
Mrs. Krups	Misses Le Monde
Thos. Callahan	J. E. Burwell
F. P. Forbes	J. H. Stewart
E. M. Rouse	T. A. Rye
J. Z. Look	W. Roddy
Miss Hawkes	A. Jeeves
John Carey	J. C. Haines
W. L. Clancy	F. Haines
J. S. Peters	Mrs. McDonald
G. G. Walsh	S. Roberts
H. Hohe	Miss Trimble
J. G. Brouche	Mrs. Waring
F. Haynes	Mrs. Simpson
P. Valentine	

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:

Mrs. McEl Smith	T. Bruno
Mrs. H. B. Turner	G. R. Everett
F. Penrose	J. Burns
Mrs. Osburn	J. Burns
Mrs. Osburn	H. H. Harris
J. Barren	J. Callagher
Mrs. Barren	C. Cameron
C. E. Nicholson	F. Davidson
F. Wheeler	T. G. Mitchell
J. C. Jones	G. H. Gray
Capt. Gilmore	Mrs. Gray
Capt. Bryant	F. L. Murray
C. C. Cherry	H. C. Beckington
E. M. Studley	P. Williams
J. Robinson	G. Webb
J. Cokeran	J. Wilson
M. McPherson	A. Bell
A. Whynit	Mrs. Webber
F. Hew	Mrs. Gerr
F. McGraw	Mrs. Cahn
E. W. Morrison	Mrs. Cahn
F. Thompson	W. Barker
E. C. Milton	Mrs. McD. Smith
W. White	J. G. Lock
Mrs. White	C. C. Tilton
Mrs. Byers	G. D. McLellan
Mrs. Bucknam	

### CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:	
Okell & Morris	N. Johnson
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W. B. Sinclair	W. J. Muir
R. Mills	E. Bridge
C. Mitchell	J. H. Harris
C. B. Stevenson	S. A. Roberts
B. Williams & Co.	V. L. Howard
H. Young & Co.	W. A. Smith
Mrs. Ward	J. W. Ward
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### Cowichan Bay

Section 4, Range 5, W. containing 160 acres, with house, formerly occupied by H. Douglas. Sec. 4, Range 6, E., 40 acres. Sec. 6, R. 6, A., 10 acres. Sec. 5, Range 6, E., 3 acres, formerly occupied by Walsh, for sale in one parcel.  
Apply J. H. WHITCOMB, DUNCANS, or HEISTERMAN & CO., VICTORIA.

### FOR SALE

ON EASY TERMS, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.  
4 lots, Victoria West.....\$ 600.00  
1 lot, Yates Street, and 6 Romed 2 Story House, (central).....\$2,500.00  
Corner Lot, Rock Bay Avenue, and 5 roomed House.....2,000.00  
3 lots, James Bay, fronting on three streets.....1,500.00  
1 lot, off Burnside Road, and 5 roomed Cottage.....700.00  
1 lot, Taunton Street, Fernwood Estate 100 Acres, Metcalfe.....200.00  
15-100 Acres, Viewfield.....1,500.00  
2 Two Story Houses, Humboldt Street, central, and occupied by good tenants.....3,900.00  
100 Acres, and Houses in all parts of the city for sale cheap.  
Farms and Acres at Mortgage Prices.  
Real Estate Brokers, 17 Troncon Ave.  
List your property with us.

## Farewell to The Admiral

Civic Addresses Presented to the Commander-in-Chief and Mrs. Beaumont.

Admiral Delivers an Impressive Speech in Reply—Other Presentations.

Yesterday afternoon the citizens of Victoria, in a peculiarly pleasing and fitting manner, bade a formal farewell to Rear Admiral Beaumont, who is leaving to assume the position of commander-in-chief of the Australian squadron, and Mrs. Beaumont.

The ceremony took place in the assembly room at the parliament building, and was witnessed and participated in by a large number of the leading citizens, attended by their wives and daughters, together with nearly all of those holding official positions in the community. The Admiral Beaumont was presented with an engraved address by Mayor Hayward, on behalf of the citizens of Victoria, and made an impressive response, calculated to endear himself and Mrs. Beaumont—if it were possible—more than ever to the people from whom they are taking leave. Afterwards the Commander-in-Chief and Mrs. Beaumont were presented with bouquets of choice cut flowers, and later Sir Henri Joly, on behalf of the citizens of Victoria, handed the Admiral a massive nugget.

Owing to the fact that the committee who had in hand the matter of making arrangements for the affair had very little time at their disposal, it was found impossible to issue invitations; and the public received notification of the event solely through the columns of the press. When that fact is considered the attendance was large.

The Admiral's party was on hand early. The Commander-in-Chief was attended by a large staff, made up of nearly all the officers of Her Majesty's ships now in port and the officers of the land forces. The City band was stationed back of the press gallery and rendered appropriate selections.

Many of those who attended to witness the proceeding and bid the Admiral goodbye arrived in hacks, which were drawn up in front of the main entrance to the parliament buildings. A squad of city police, under command of Chief Langley, lined the steps of the entrance as a guard, and at 3 o'clock there was a large crowd assembled in the rotunda and the assembly room.

Shortly after 3 o'clock His Worship Mayor Hayward, accompanied by Sir Henri Joly, led the Admiral and Mrs. Beaumont to the main entrance of the parliament buildings, where the speaker's dais, where the presentations were made.

The Commander-in-Chief and Mrs. Beaumont, taking seats on either side of Sir Henri Joly, His Worship Mayor Hayward said he desired to express his satisfaction at the opportunity thus afforded him of being permitted to mention the feeling of very common regret which prevailed in the community owing to the departure of the Admiral and Mrs. Beaumont from Victoria. They were held in universal regard and esteem, and he could only hope for their uninterrupted happiness in the far distant land to which they were going.

His Worship was suffering from a most severe cold and found it impossible to read the address. He, therefore, called upon Wellington J. Dowler, city clerk, to perform that task, which that official did in his customary graceful manner. The address was as follows:

"To Rear-Admiral Lewis A. Beaumont, Commander-in-Chief, H. M. Ships of the Pacific Squadron.

"Sir—The undersigned, on behalf of the municipal council and people of the city of Victoria, deem it fitting at the present time, in view of your early departure to assume command of Her Majesty's fleet in Australian waters, to give expression to the sentiments of esteem and regard which are entertained for you, which have been formed during your brief residence in the city.

"The friendly interest manifested by you in the city's progress and welfare, the support and influence which you have always cheerfully extended to both public and private functions, and the uniform courtesy which has marked all your relations with the people of Victoria, have been appreciated by them in no ordinary degree, and will not be forgotten.

"It affords us much pleasure to be able to congratulate you upon your appointment to a command so important, by reason of its position and relative numerical strength, and in view of the contemplated visit of H. R. H. the Duke of York to open the proceedings of the first parliament of the commonwealth of the federated colonies of Australia.

"May we be permitted, in view of these facts and of our acquaintance with you, to interpret your appointment as a recognition by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of those qualities of heart and mind which have produced so marked and favorable an impression here and elsewhere, and as a mark of distinction earned by a long and meritorious career?

"The announcement of your unexpected departure has evoked a universal expression of regret throughout the city, but with the regret there is a feeling of satisfaction that one whom we have learned to esteem so highly is to be afforded a fuller opportunity to render service to our beloved Queen and Empire.

"We would not voice the true sentiments of the citizens if we did not take this occasion to express their affectionate regard for Mrs. Beaumont, in whose welfare and continued happiness they will always take a deep interest.

"With assurances of our regard and best wishes for your future success and happiness.

"We have the honor, on behalf of the municipal council and citizens of Victoria, to subscribe ourselves,  
"Your obedient servants,  
"CHARLES HAYWARD, Mayor.

[L. S.] "W. J. DOWLER, "C. M. C.

"Victoria, B. C., Oct. 22, 1900."

The address was beautifully engrossed and illuminated, this work being done by

**Headache**  
Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills cured by

**Hood's Pills**  
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## WM. T. HARDAKER AUCTIONEER.

I will sell without reserve, at salerooms, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26, at 2 P. M.

Household Furniture and Effects.

LADIES' AND GENTS' RIDING SADDLES, RIFLE, ETC.

Further particulars later.

WM. T. HARDAKER, The Auctioneer.

Charles Budden, the artist. The portrait coat-of-arms appeared at the top. On Mr. Dowler handing the same to the Admiral, the Commander-in-Chief rose and said:

"Mr. Mayor.—It is only in a few simple words that I can attempt to reply to the address with which you have honored me. I find myself in too new a position in speaking before such a distinguished assembly to be able to do more than express my heartfelt thanks for the esteem and regard which you have shown me, not only here to-day, but ever since I came among you.

"It is seldom that an admiral is so fortunate as I am, for I attribute this kindly and courteous act to me from the progress of my career, for, apart from the fact that I have been in the Victoria, in a great measure to the excellent and happy relations which have ever existed between this capital and the navy. If I read your hearts aright, you have been predisposed by your own nature to be friendly to me. Her Majesty's naval officers and men, and their known sentiments of appreciation for Victoria and her citizens, to do special honor to their commander-in-chief, and in their company, who have been so loyal to me, and who have made my career as a general, I gladly accept your words of praise and the assurance that in representing them and the glorious service to which we belong, I have been courteous and sympathetic in my relations to you.

"It is quite true that I have been, and shall continue to be, interested in the progress of your city; for, apart from the kindness and attention which have been so freely extended to me, it would have been impossible, as an Englishman, to have remained unmoved or held aloof from a community which showed such splendid attachment to the Empire and such devotion to the cause which we believe to be the destiny of our race to secure for all men—that they should live in freedom under a Christian rule, and that spirit which was brought out so strikingly by the Boer war—that spirit of loyalty to the British Empire, which was followed by the institutions seen in all that you do in your daily life, and stamps the character of Victorians with honesty, hospitality and charity—veritably the three graces.

"Your congratulations to me and your interest in my new appointment are very pleasant to me, and I shall carry away the remembrance of them to lighten the labors of my new office, and to give me courage to take pains to do my best, and if it is possible earn the high distinction of a satisfied conscience.

"I am pleased and grateful to learn that the feeling of sincere regret with which I am leaving Victoria is reciprocal to that of my friends in going from one great division of the Empire, now so long in its majority, to the other great division only just created—for all you have said and done I thank you with all sincerity and truth; but there is one thing that you have said, Mr. Mayor, which will take pains to do my best, and if it is possible earn the high distinction of a satisfied conscience.

"I am pleased and grateful to learn that the feeling of sincere regret with which I am leaving Victoria is reciprocal to that of my friends in going from one great division of the Empire, now so long in its majority, to the other great division only just created—for all you have said and done I thank you with all sincerity and truth; but there is one thing that you have said, Mr. Mayor, which will take pains to do my best, and if it is possible earn the high distinction of a satisfied conscience.

"And now may I, in my turn, wish you, and through you send to all those whom you so well and worthily represent, my heartfelt and therefore my best wishes for the success of your welfare and prosperity, but also for the prosperity of Victoria, the one capital to the westward of all America, and therefore the Queen City of the West."

On the conclusion of Admiral Beaumont's remarks, there was an outburst of applause, all present being visibly affected by the very impressive speech they had just listened to.

After a selection from the band, His Worship the Mayor announced that a young lady of noble lineage had been very pleasingly due to perform, and he asked Miss Dunsinuir to come forward. Hon. James Dunsinuir's little daughter, Kathleen, becomingly clad in gay childish attire, and bearing in her hands two beautiful bouquets of cut flowers, then stepped from the audience and presented the bouquets with a delightful little bow, to the Admiral and Mrs. Beaumont, who feeling expressed their appreciation of the gift.

His Worship, by a slip of the tongue, created laughter by announcing that "another young gentleman" had a similarly pleasing duty to perform. On this Sir Henri Joly arose and, with that ease and grace of manner which have gained him the reputation of being the most delightful man in public life in Canada, presented the Commander-in-Chief with a massive nugget. This he said he was commissioned to do on behalf of the people of Victoria. The nugget was of gold, and it was a very fine one, and it had been obtained, it surely would have been procured for the purpose of a present to one held in such high esteem. The Admiral had said he would in the new field of labor to which he had been called, do his best—all knew that he would do his duty. The people of Victoria would not soon forget the Admiral and Mrs. Beaumont, for the kindness, courtesy and hospitality they had shown to everyone during their all too brief stay on this station. They could depart with the knowledge that they had the love and affection of the people of Victoria.

Admiral Beaumont was not prepared for this additional epiphany. He was a friendship, but he could assure all present that the friendship which himself and Mrs. Beaumont had contracted for Victoria and its people would be a lasting thing. (Loud applause.)

All present then came forward and bade goodbye to the Admiral and Mrs. Beaumont.

## ADMIRAL BEAUMONT'S SUCCESSOR.

Rear-Admiral Kenny Bickford, C.M.G., A.D.C. to the Queen, who succeeds Rear Admiral Beaumont in command of the Pacific, was created rear admiral only last year, and had been captain-lieutenant of the Sheerness dockyard since 1890. He was born in India—the second son of W. Bickford, of Newport House, South Devon. His education was received at the South Devon collegiate school and Foster's school, Sturminster. He entered the navy in 1858; served in China as sub-lieutenant during the operations in Japan, and at the taking of the fort of Simon Osaiki; and was senior and gunnery lieutenant of the Amethyst during the action with the Peruvian rebel ironclad Huascar. He was commander in charge of the naval transport arrangements during the war, and negotiated the release of the captured crew of the Nisero at Achen, for which service he was made C. M. G. As captain, senior officer of combined French and British and German and British squadrons in various operations in the South Pacific, he also rendered distinguished service in the capture of the surrender of the island of Achen, on that occasion, for which he received the thanks of the government. He commanded H. M. S. Resolution in the Channel squadron; and was captain of the H. M. S. Porpoise, Portsmouth. Besides the C. M. G. Rear Admiral Bickford also wears the Egyptian medal, the Khedive's star, the Medjidie third-class, and the Jubilee medal. He is an enthusiastic cyclist.

## HANDS CRACKED WITH SALT RHEUM.

Mr. James McIsaac, 25 Elgin St., Ottawa, Ont., writes: "I suffered with salt rheum for upwards of ten years, the skin being cracked and itching so much that I could not make them useful. After trying all sorts of remedies in vain, I became discouraged and thought my sufferings would never end. Last spring I used Dr. Chase's Ointment and in a short time was perfectly cured. Dr. Chase's Ointment is of unparalleled merit as a cure for all itching skin diseases. All druggists.

## CITY AUCTION MART, 73 YATES STREET.

Auction Sale 2 p.m. TO-DAY

Comprising: Full, Three-Quarter and Single Bedsteads; Box and Wire Mattresses; Kitchen and other Tables; Crib: Cradles; Baby Buggies; Double Go-Carts; Carpets; Picture Frames and Pictures; Cook Stoves; Wood and Coal Heaters; Oak Rockers; Gas Chandeliers, etc., etc.

JONES, CRANE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Consignments received up to morning of sale.

## EPPE'S COCOA

GRAFEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Highly Nutritive Properties. Specially gratifying and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 4-lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPE & CO., Ltd. Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

## EPPE'S COCOA

BREAKFAST SUPPER

## WO SANG, 25 Store Street, Victoria, B.C.

MERCHANT TAILOR. NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED. REMOVED TO 25 Store Street.

\$40,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

In large and small amounts on improved real estate.... Swinerton & Oddy, 106 Gov't St.

## APOLLO'S PILLS

Superseding Bitter Apple, Pili Cochlin. Order of all Chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, B.C.

REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES. Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton.

## TENDERS.

By direction of the heirs at law of William Smith, deceased, tenders will be received by the undersigned up till Dec. 1st, 1900, for the purchase of the property known as the Swan Lake Farm. The highest or lowest tender next accepted will be the basis. Further information may be obtained from the undersigned. JAMES W. MELDRAM, Douglas St.

## The Ralston Physical Culture.

Mrs. Harris will begin the winter term of the RALSTON PHYSICAL CULTURE in Room 3, A. O. U. W. Hall, Yates Street, commencing October 22. For hours and terms, apply to 42 Superior Street. Mrs. Harris is prepared to receive pupils in singing and mandolin playing. Mrs. Harris receives pupils for the piano-forte and guitar. For terms apply to above address.

## The Vernon

Cor. Douglas and Vics. Gts.

This fashionable hotel has recently been re-fitted and handsomely furnished throughout. Everything strictly First-Class.

## Mrs. M. Walt.

PROPRIETRESS.

## "QUITE SURPRISING" THE RAPID WAY THE



Pither & Leiser, Sole Agents Victoria B. C.

## Boer-Brish WAR PICTURES

The end of the war is now in sight. Everybody will now want pictures illustrating the various battles fought in South Africa. We have at great expense published nine large and beautiful pictures, on heavy, superfine, calendared paper. "Battle of Belmont," "Charging the Boer Guns at Elandsfontein," "An Attack of Royal Canadians at Paardeberg," "Charge of Gen. French's Cavalry on the Retreating Gen. Cronje's Army." These pictures are 20x24 in. Sample and terms, 25 cents each; all four for 80 cents; \$1.75 per dozen; 25 for \$3.25; 50 for \$6.00; \$11.00 per 100. "Battle of Tugela River," "Battle of Spion Kop," "Gordon Highlanders at Battle of Belmont," "Battle of Magersfontein," "Surrender of Gen. Cronje at Paardeberg." These pictures are 22x28 in. Sample and terms, 40 cents each, all five for \$1.60; \$3.00 per dozen; \$5.00 for 25; \$12.00 for 50; \$24.00 per 100. Very handsome printed in 6 to 14 colors.

AGENTS COIN MONEY. Big profit. Enormous success. The pictures are RED HOT SELLERS. Veritable portable raisers. One agent sold 68 in one day. We will send a complete outfit, consisting of all the latest different pictures, for only \$2.00. This sum you may deduct when you have ordered for \$20.00 worth. Absolutely no pictures sent free. Don't waste time and postage in writing for lower prices. We pay all charges. We take back all unsold pictures and refund your money. Cut this out and send to-day, and begin to make money. Address HOME NOVELTY MANUFACTURING CO'Y, Dept. 153c, Box 518, Chicago, Ill.

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Either Hammerless or Double-Action.

Descriptive Catalogue on Application.

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## INSURANCE.

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REPRESENTING: Insurance Company of North America; National Assurance Company of Ireland, (Fire). North China Insurance Co., Ltd.; Canton Insurance Office, Ltd.; Nippon Sea and Land Insurance Co., Ltd.; Lloyd's Underwriters (London), (Marine). Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd., of London, (Accident).

## New Suits for School Very Cheap

AT 78 YATES STREET

## ARTHUR HOLMES, COR. BROAD.

We Shall Have a Cold Winter.

We have the Stoves you will require. We have the largest stock of Air Tight Heaters.

We have the best styles. We have the cheapest prices. We have a new line of Coal Heaters. We attend to all orders promptly.

## Geo. Powell & Co.

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## DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel, and all the safest and most gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

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